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WHOLE NO. 1809

THE SULTAN

By Be Brought to Time by Our Government.

Secretary of State Olney Has Made Demand on Him

The Government of the Assassination of Miss Belmont, American Missionary, If the Sultan is Not Compelled With Heavy Indemnity Will Be Asked.

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—A Washington special to an evening paper says: Armenian societies in the United States which have been denouncing the alleged dilatory tactics of Secretary Olney and Minister Terrell in dealing with Turkey will be pleased to learn that there has been a stiffening of the American diplomatic backbone, and the Sultan may be brought to a sharp turn.

The present dissatisfaction grows out of the persecution of Armenian missionaries and the disposition shown by the Turkish government to treat the Armenians lightly. The latest case in point is that of Miss Melton, an American missionary, who was brutally assaulted in the mountains by the bandits, and whose life was in danger for many months. Although the offense occurred a year ago the Turkish government has failed to atone for it in proper form, and has shown a disposition to let the offenders escape punishment.

There were fourteen of Miss Melton's assailants and there is no doubt in Secretary Olney's mind that they were held in their work by the connivance of local authorities in the district where it occurred. Three of them were arrested after a delay of a few months and sentenced to three years in prison. It is apparent that the sentence was a subterfuge for they have since been permitted to escape and no efforts to recapture them were made.

Secretary Olney has, in the last few days, made a demand upon the Turkish government to re-arrest the Turkish escaped prisoners, and unless this demand is promptly complied with he will demand heavy indemnity for the assault upon Miss Melton. For two years past the presence of two American war ships have been required almost constantly in Turkish waters to watch over American citizens, and a few months ago two new consulates were established for the same purpose. Secretary Olney declares his sympathy for the efforts of the powers to bring about a cessation of the Turkish outrages upon the Armenians, and he is receiving letters and petitions every day from Armenian residents in this country on the subject.

ARMENIAN TROUBLES.

The Turkish Side of the Story—Armenian Village Mussulmans Villagers.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 30.—The official account of the troubles between the Mussulmans and Armenians at Marash accuses the latter of murder and other outrages on October 21 and 28. Several of the Armenians were arrested with weapons in their hands.

The report says that peace has been restored. A band led by Armenian agitators attacked and pillaged the Mussulman village of Camarly, wounding some of the Mussulmans. The command of the gendarmes at Marash was sent to inquire into the matter. While returning he and his companions and escort were attacked by two thousand rioters, headed by Armenians, and the commander and four of his gendarmes were killed.

The agitation in the Aleppo district and at Gharshab and Kharpot is ascribed to the Armenians. The governor of Kharpot, assisted by the Armenian missionaries, succeeded in averting bloodshed and in restoring order.

No Challengers at the Polls.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 30.—There was a large attendance of politicians, lawyers and spectators generally in Judge Wilson's court at 10 a. m. Tuesday, the hour announced for the decision in the maudlin case of Robert G. Hill for the democratic campaign committee against the board of elections, which had issued supplemental instructions to the judges of elections so that they would admit challengers to the polls on November 5. The court decided against issuing such instructions. The case will be argued to the circuit court.

Praying for Rain.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 30.—A union meeting was held at the Baptist church Tuesday afternoon for the sole purpose of praying for rain. The subject of water has become very serious with everyone. Fire has broken out in several places in this county and destroyed cornfields and fences. The Chicago and Alton railroad has been hauling water from the river, 18 miles, for the use of its roundhouse and engines at this place.

Convicted of Her Majesty.

BIRMINGHAM, Oct. 30.—Herr Diel, editor of the Vorwaerts, the socialist organ, and associate editors Phinnd and Randmann, have been convicted of her Majesty. Herr Diel was sentenced to six months to nine and Randmann to twelve months imprisonment. They entered an appeal and were released upon giving bail in the sum of \$400 marks each.

Killed by a Cable Train.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 30.—G. S. Cole, an old man who was president of the Bank

A LIVELY TIME.

Arkansas Troops Called Out to Prevent the Fight.

It is Possible Gov. Clarke Himself May Take Command.

Threats of Burning the Railroad Bridge to Stop Passage of Troops Made—Prosecutor Teague Says He Will Arrest the Soldiers if They Interfere.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 30.—The fight developed here in earnest Wednesday morning when Gov. Clarke called the militia to arms and at this writing (12:30 p. m.) the statehouse yard is full of boys in blue with muskets and other necessary accoutrements. One hundred and fifty men of the First Arkansas regiment will leave here at 1:30 p. m. for Hot Springs. It is rumored here at this point that the citizens of Hot Springs intend to burn the railroad bridge on the Hot Springs road to stop the passage of the troops.

Brig. Gen. Taylor, of Forrest City, is in command. Gov. Clarke says he will take command himself or see that his orders are carried out. He says he will see whether any two men on God's earth can withstand the ruling of the supreme court of Arkansas on the prize fight question.

Hot Springs, Ark., Oct. 30.—The local feeling against Gov. Clarke and his advisors is exceedingly bitter. The contention of the citizens in favor of the fight being that the governor is overriding all county law and local rights to carry out his determination to prevent Corbett and Fitzsimmons coming together.

Prosecuting Attorney Teague voices the feelings of the community when he says: "If Gov. Clarke had gone about this thing right at the outset we could have stopped this fight in five minutes. Now, however, that he is attempting to run a county from the executive mansion, we will show him that we have our own officers, charged with the execution of the laws, and that he and all others must obey those laws. If the governor comes here and attempts to exercise any unconstitutional authority we will put him in jail. If the militia are brought here without proper requisition from our sheriff we will put them in jail. This is not brag or bluster; we know what our rights are and how far the law protects them, and we propose that even the governor shall respect and obey those laws."

A warrant has been issued for Sheriff Hoot at the instance of the attorney general. It is believed that the charge is aiding and abetting in conspiracy.

Private dispatches say that two of the governor's detectives traveled with Fitzsimmons' party from Marshall, Tex., and that he is now in their custody and will be taken to Little Rock. Two companies of militia from Little Rock are due here at 3:15 p. m.

FIVE KILLED.

Desperate Conflict Takes Place—A Party Returning From a Dance.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 30.—A special from Monclova, Mexico, says that a party of twenty young men of prominent families went in wagons from Torreon to attend a dance at a neighboring ranch. On their return trip a quarrel took place between members of the party, and a desperate conflict occurred. Five of the party were killed and ten others seriously wounded.

Incendiary Fire at New Martinsville.

WHEELING, W. Va., Oct. 30.—A special to the News from New Martinsville, a thriving town 30 miles below here, says that a disastrous incendiary fire Wednesday morning destroyed several substantial business houses and dwellings, causing a loss of about \$15,000. The brick block occupied by Reich Bros. clothing store, and Dr. E. V. Cox, Mount Burrows' general store were destroyed with a large portion of goods and stock.

Lutheran Young People's Society.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 30.—The first annual convention of the Lutheran Young People's societies of the United States convened in Pittsburgh at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning. The convention will conclude its sessions Thursday evening. This is the first time in the history of the church that there will be a meeting of representatives from all the synods.

Claims Armenians Were the Aggressors.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 30.—The porte has sent a circular note to the Turkish representatives abroad in regard to the recent disturbances in the provinces in which it was declared that the Armenians were the aggressors. Order prevails everywhere now, the circular says, except at Haiburt, where four hundred armed Armenians are menacing the Mussulmans there.

Stabbed to Death by His Sweetheart.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Oct. 30.—Book Thomas was stabbed to death Wednesday morning by Lucy Hogan. The killing took place seven miles from the city. Thomas and the woman were lovers. They fell out and the woman, armed with a shotgun and butcher knife, ran after Thomas. She drew the gun. He rushed in, and dropping the knife she stabbed him in the stomach.

After Fitzsimmons.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Oct. 30.—Attorney General Kinsworthy arrived from Little Rock at 7:30 a. m. Wednesday. He reported that proceedings under another law will be instituted against Corbett and his party. It is the general belief that the governor will order out troops if Fitzsimmons escapes his warrants and gets into the hands of the Springs sheriff.

RUINED BY FIRE.

Lagoda House, Springfield, O., Destroyed—Other Property Endangered.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Oct. 30.—Fire was discovered in the Lagoda house about 12:30 Wednesday morning, and before it could be gotten under control the hotel was practically ruined.

The fire started in the basement and was discovered by the clerk, John Davidson, who at once gave the alarm. The fire spread to the fourth floor in remarkably short time, and several of the guests had narrow escapes. Mrs. Connel, wife of the proprietor, made her exit down the back stairs, which were a seething mass of flames, in her night clothes. In a short time the roof of the hotel fell in with a crash.

The Lagoda hotel was one of the largest in the city, and the ground floor of it was occupied by a number of stores, all of which are burned out.

The following were the stores in the Lagoda: Harris' cigar store, Hynes' out store and the London Clothing Co. To the north of the Lagoda house is Henschel's drug store, and at an early hour Wednesday morning it seemed that the flames would spread to it. They are also spreading west, and the magnificent Commercial block is in danger, as are the two stores between it and the Lagoda house.

At 2:30 the Dayton fire department arrived in response to a telegram sent for aid, and both departments are engaged in a hard battle to get control of the fire. It looks now as though the fire would be kept from spreading further.

If no more buildings are burned, the loss will probably not exceed \$100,000. Much of the property is covered by insurance.

Both the Western Union and the Postal Telegraph Cos. lost all their wires.

The Lagoda hotel building was totally destroyed, being gutted from top to bottom. The roof fell in. The hotel building was a five-story brick structure, and the finest hotel in the city. It was owned by John W. Bookwalter, of New York city, once a colonel of Springfield, and a candidate for governor against ex-Gov. Foster when the latter first ran for the office. The loss on the building and contents is estimated at \$100,000, partially insured.

It was the headquarters of the state state convention.

Other losers are as follows: Seigenthaler, drug store, stock totally destroyed, \$10,000; Marcellet, jewelry store, \$20,000; H. T. Harris, cigar store, \$2,500; London clothing store, \$15,000; Henson's furnishing store, \$2,000; Craig millinery store, \$2,500.

All of the stores carried some insurance but not enough to cover all the losses.

DING-DONG.

The Biggest Bell in American Cast at Cincinnati—Weight 30,000 Pounds.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 30.—It took six minutes to cast the biggest bell in America. It was done late Wednesday afternoon at the Van Duzen bell foundry on Second and Ludlow streets. The bell when completed will weigh 30,000 pounds. The clapper which arrived Wednesday morning from Detroit, where it was cast, is seven feet long and weighs 700 pounds. While but six minutes was required for the casting proper the preparations have been in progress six months. Three large furnaces are in use, two of which were built especially for this bell. Eight men have been employed in making the core and the cope, and for the past three weeks this force has been increased to thirty men.

The metal used was a mixture of copper and tin. The bell has been donated by Joseph Blundke to St. Francis de Sales church, Walnut Hills. It will cost, when hung in the church steeple, \$10,000.

NICARAGUA CANAL.

The Engineer Commission Will Recommend That It Be Built.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—It was stated positively on Tuesday that the report of the engineer commission which visited Nicaragua last summer will recommend the building of the Nicaragua canal. The commission's report will be in the hands of the president this week. While the commission have been reticent in discussing the details of the report, there are strong grounds for the belief that it will endorse the route already surveyed with some modifications, that it will recommend that the canal be built by the government, and will estimate the cost of the waterway to be at least \$100,000,000.

Armenians in Open Revolt.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 30.—The most alarming news yet received from Armenia was made public here Wednesday. It is stated that the situation is so grave that in the Zeitoun mountains and in that district there are 26,000 Armenians in open revolt against the rule of the sultan. The Turkish government, in view of the gravity of this outbreak, has decided to call out the army reserves.

Indians Denounce the Government.

PERRY, O. T., Oct. 30.—Pottawatomie Indians in council passed resolutions condemning the United States government for stringent rules in regard to Indians leaving their lands. They declare it would be better for the Indians, better for the white man and better for the government for Indians to have more control over their lands, and not be subjected to so much red tapeism.

Ion James Barbour, a noted figure in Virginia politics and a brother of the late United States senator, John S. Barbour, died at his country home near Culpeper, Va., of a violent attack of pneumonia. He was 79 years of age.

LONG SESSION.

The President and His Cabinet Hold a Consultation.

The Principal Topics Discussed Related to Cuba and Venezuela.

The Alaska Boundary Dispute Was Also Considered—Secretary Olney Showed No Disposition to Back Down From His Position on the Monroe Doctrine.

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—A Washington special to the Evening Press says: From 11 o'clock Tuesday until 1:30 the president's advisers remained with him. This is at least an hour and a half more time than is usually taken for a regular session of the cabinet. The whole foreign complications in which this government is mixed up were discussed. The principal topics related to Cuba and Venezuela. Owing to the fact that data desired in connection with the Venezuela and Guiana boundary has not yet come to hand, there was no definite action taken relative to that dispute.

The discussion was very lively, and Secretary Olney showed no disposition to recede from the advanced position which he had assumed in insisting upon the enforcement of the Monroe doctrine according to his views as to what that doctrine means.

The Alaska boundary dispute was also a subject of some discussion, but inasmuch as Sir Julian Pauncefote's proposition has not been submitted to the president no action was taken looking to a joint commission to survey the boundary line of the one hundred and forty-first meridian.

The cabinet, while divided upon the exact application of the Monroe doctrine about the Venezuela dispute, is certainly unanimous in one thing, and that is should Salisbury fail to answer Secretary Olney's notes before congress assembles, then the whole question will be submitted to congress with all the correspondence which has passed between the governments of Venezuela, Great Britain and the United States, and congress will be asked to relieve the administration of the necessity of determining just what course shall be pursued.

TRAINS COLLIDE.

Both Engines Killed, and Three Other Trainsmen Injured.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 30.—Two passenger trains on the Missouri Pacific railway collided at Howard station, a suburb eight miles west of here at 11 o'clock Tuesday night. Two men were killed and three injured. The trains met on a switch and both engines and three cars of the eastbound train were completely demolished. John Howard and William Cateron, the engineers, were buried beneath their engines. Death was instantaneous. Fireman George Trez and George Danbar were severely injured. A number of passengers were more or less shocked. Buck Taylor, the Wild West showman, a passenger on the eastbound train, had his right leg broken. The two trains were used for suburban traffic. The eastbound train had but few passengers, while the westbound train carried theater patrons going home to the suburbs. The accident was the result of a blunder. The two trains should have met four miles further west, but Engineer Cateron, of the eastbound train, tried to reach the Howard switch in time to meet the other train. Both trains were running slowly or a more dreadful calamity would have occurred. At midnight a wrecking crew was working to reach the bodies of the two engineers.

No Woman Suffrage in South Carolina.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Oct. 30.—After a fight lasting all of Monday evening and through Tuesday's session, the constitutional convention at 2:15 took an aye and nay vote on the proposition to allow woman's suffrage with property and educational qualifications. The cause of woman died by a vote of 121 to 26. "Uncle George" Tillman made a magnificent argument of about an hour or more favoring woman suffrage. Mr. Sleight introduced an amendment to leave the woman suffrage matter to the general assembly. He made a strong speech, but it was to no avail. The convention voted it down by a heavy vote, only forty-two votes being cast in favor.

Incendiary Fires.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Oct. 30.—Incendiary fires broke out here Tuesday night almost simultaneously in the lumber district. The first property to catch on fire was the Raddix mill. This was followed by the Maynard street mill and the Melaffey mill. The fire in the Raddix mill was extinguished after sustaining a loss of \$15,000. The wind is blowing strong and the other properties Wednesday morning were burning fiercely and will probably be destroyed. The total loss will reach \$25,000.

Murderer in the Hands of a Mob.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 30.—A late special to the Evening Chronicle from Tyler, Tex., says: The Negro who murdered Mrs. Leonard Bell is now in the hands of an angry mob of five hundred men. He is a mulatto and is positively identified. The means of death are yet undecided, but burning at the stake seems to be generally favored. That the Negro will be lynched is a certainty.

Later—The Negro was taken to the scene of his crime and burned at the stake.

Several correspondents were unavoidably crowded out this week.

TO CANADA.

Mormons May Move There to Found a Colony.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Oct. 29.—A crowd of Mormons left Utah this week for Alberta, Canada, to locate in the British possessions. A big colony will move in the spring, in case the land is suitable and conditions are favorable. A small colony under the direction of John W. Taylor, one of the apostles, is now located in the northwest, on the eastern slope of the mountains.

The exodus is in harmony with the ideas of church leaders, who believe that the more colonies formed outside of Utah the greater will be the church influence. The practice of polygamy, though dead in Utah, is said to be permissible under the terms of the contract made with that part of the British possessions to which the Mormons are going.

Gas Explosion in London.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—A tremendous gas explosion wrecked two houses in Church Court, off the Strand, at 7 o'clock Tuesday evening. Eight persons have been taken to the hospital badly injured. Several others are still buried in the ruins, and it is feared there has been some loss of life.

A. H. and L. Association Fails.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 29.—The Western Building and Loan association filed articles of assignment to the St. Louis Trust Co. Tuesday. The assets are placed at \$100,000, but no statement of liabilities is given. It is believed, however, that the latter will nearly equal the assets.

WAR TALK.

Senator Chandler Predicts Trouble With Great Britain.

It Will Arise on Account of British Disregard of Our Direct Interests.

England's Brutality and Avarice Must Be Ended—Russia Will Be Our Ally and a Million Men Will Overrun Canada—Monroe Doctrine to Be Vindicated.

New York, Oct. 29.—A special to the World from Concord, N. H., says: Over his own signature and under the caption "Our Coming War With England—A Prediction," Senator Chandler gave out the following statement: "War between the United States and England is inevitable. It will arise on account of British disregard of our direct interests. It will also be forced by British encroachments upon other nations all over the world. It will be fought by us, having Russia as a European ally. As a war offensive on our part it may not happen within twenty years; as a defensive war it may come sooner, and should be welcomed. A sure result will be the capture and permanent acquisition of Canada by the United States. England proposes to seize from the United States a portion of Alaska. She is destroying independent governments in all parts of the globe. She treats American sentiment and remonstrance with insolence and defiance.

"For the vindication of the Monroe doctrine in the western hemisphere and the protection of these independent governments in the eastern hemisphere and the islands of the oceans it is necessary that the United States should prepare for war with England. It had better come now than twenty years from now. We ought to define our position and say that if it is not assented to we shall fight to maintain it.

"It will take some time to prepare for an offensive war, but a defensive war can come none too soon. Let England begin. Russia will be our ally. She is the great absolute monarchy and the United States the great republic of the world. The former needs and is entitled to a support in a warm region, of which England persistently deprives her, but she wants no more territory. The United States wants only the Sandwich Islands and a foothold in the West Indies. Together they can defy the world. They must and will restrain the brutality and bloody avarice of Great Britain. Let this be understood at once and let England strike the first blow if she chooses. A million of men will overrun Canada, and England's commercial ships will be swept from the ocean. Let England begin. We ought to begin if it is necessary to save to Venezuela the mouth of the Orinoco."

PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 29.—Ex-Senator J. N. Dolph, who was for several years a prominent member of the foreign relations committee of the United States senate, in an address delivered at the Channing club on the foreign policy of the United States, said of the Venezuelan question: "There are but two courses for the United States to pursue, one of which is to abandon the Monroe doctrine and to no longer protest against European aggression, monarchal domination on this hemisphere, and submit to the humiliation such a course would bring upon us. The other is to enforce our policy concerning affairs on this continent by protest, and if necessary by intervention and the ultimate arbitration of the sword. We should also extend to Cuba the Monroe doctrine and take the island under the protection of the American flag, if necessary."

Call and see the line of hats and fancy goods at Miss Glancy's. Prices to suit the times.